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I Know That Food!

Name of Food	Sight	Sound	Touch	Smell	Taste

Experiencing the Elements

Objective

Given instruction in writing poetry, the students will use characteristics of Fluency and words previously gathered to write a weather poem.

Materials

- · white board, overhead projector, or chart paper and marker
- a few published poems to read aloud (e.g., Shel Silverstein, Jane Yolen)
- student samples (page 56), one copy for display
- weather word bank generated in previous lessons
- weather pictures from previous lessons
- "Checking the Forecast" (page 57), one copy per student

Preparation

Enlarge the student samples (page 56) for display.

Opening

Ask the students how they would define *poetry*. You may want to list student responses on the white board. Read one or two published poems about weather to the class and discuss elements of poetry found in the poems. Tell the students the word *elements* can refer to the "components of a poem," "its qualities," or "various aspects of climate or weather."

Directions

- 1. Continue the discussion of weather poems you read to the class. Point out that poetry often rhymes, but not always. Poems may not have complete sentences in narrative form; instead they may be composed of word phrases. Poetry often expresses feeling and uses descriptive words with strong visual imagery as the students practiced in the Word Choice unit.
- 2. Refer to the "Fluency" poster (page 48), specifically "natural rhythm and flow," "different word patterns," and "play with language." Tell the students that poetry has rhythm even if it does not rhyme; explain that most song lyrics are written in poetry. Poets often arrange words in patterns. Poets may play with the language, putting words in an order the reader may not expect or by writing a silly poem.
- 3. Show the class the student samples (page 56). Ask the students to evaluate the poems using the elements of poetry you have discussed. You might want to list the elements of poetry you have covered and check each one that is incorporated in the sample poems.
- 4. Have the students use the word bank of weather words and weather pictures to write a poem about weather. Encourage them to be specific, use descriptive words and strong visual imagery, and express feeling in their writing.

Closing

Distribute "Checking the Forecast" (page 57). Have the students copy their poem onto page 57 in the box. Then instruct the students to critique their poetry using the checklist on the bottom of the page. Students may also read their poetry aloud to the class and receive positive feedback from classmates.

Extension

Have the students use a word processing program to create a class book of weather poems and donate it to the school library. Students may include original or computer-generated artwork in the book.